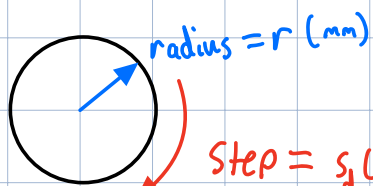


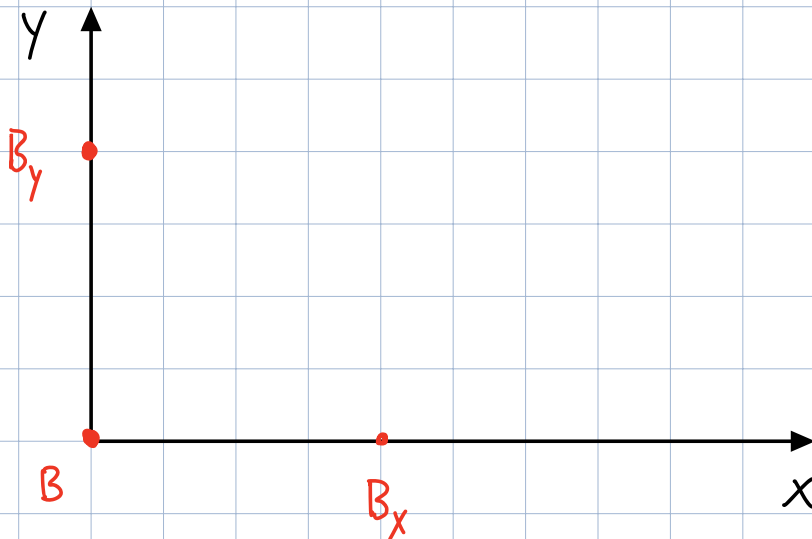
Kinematics

Driver Pulley



$$S_L = \text{Length per step} = \frac{s_d}{360 \left(\frac{\text{deg}}{\text{rad}} \right)} \cdot Z \pi r$$

2 scenarios - Lateral movement, Diagonal movement



$B \rightarrow B_x$: Horizontal movement

$$\theta_{D1} = \theta_{Dz}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_{D1} = \dot{\theta}_{Dz}$$

$$x = \# \text{ of steps} = \frac{B_x - B}{SL}$$

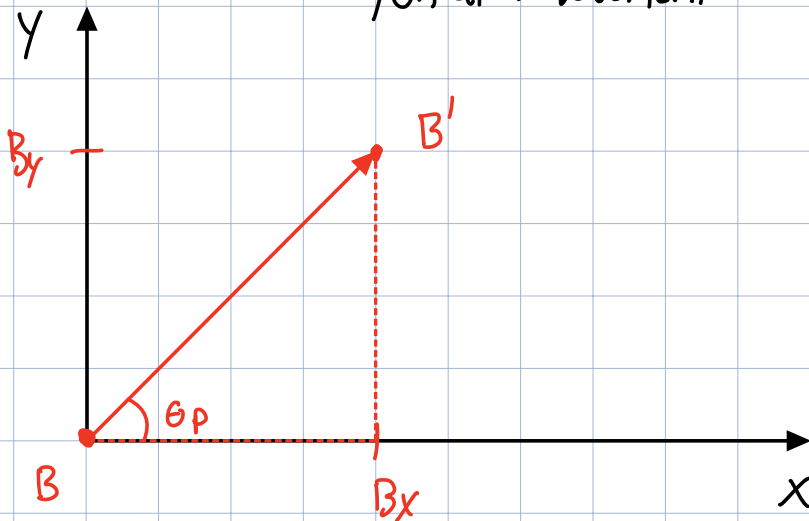
$B \rightarrow B_y$: Vertical movement

$$\theta_{D1} = -\theta_{Dz}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_{D1} = -\dot{\theta}_{Dz}$$

$$y = \# \text{ of steps} = \frac{B_y - B}{SL}$$

Diagonal Movement



e) IF $B_x > 0$ $B_y > 0$, $\dot{\theta}_{D_1} < 0$ $\dot{\theta}_{D_2} > 0$

$$|\dot{\theta}_{D_1}| > |\dot{\theta}_{D_2}|$$

IF $B_x > 0$ $B_y < 0$, $\dot{\theta}_{D_1} > 0$ $\dot{\theta}_{D_2} < 0$

$$|\dot{\theta}_{D_1}| > |\dot{\theta}_{D_2}|$$

IF $B_x < 0$ $B_y > 0$, $\dot{\theta}_{D_1} < 0$ $\dot{\theta}_{D_2} > 0$

$$|\dot{\theta}_{D_1}| > |\dot{\theta}_{D_2}|$$

If $B_x < 0$ $B_y < 0$, $\dot{\theta}_1 < 0$ $\dot{\theta}_2 > 0$

$$|\dot{\theta}_1| < |\dot{\theta}_2|$$

Code outline

B_{x1} = x coordinate - initial position

B_{y1} = y coordinate - initial position

B_{x2} = Designated x-coordinate

B_{y2} = Designated y-coordinate

$$D_x = B_{x2} - B_{x1}$$

$$D_y = B_{y2} - B_{y1}$$

Lateral Movement

If $D_x = 0$ & $D_y > 0$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 < 0 \quad \dot{\theta}_2 > 0$$

If $D_x > 0$ & $D_y = 0$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 > 0 \quad \dot{\theta}_2 > 0$$

If $D_x = 0$ & $D_y < 0$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 > 0 \quad \dot{\theta}_2 < 0$$

If $D_x < 0$ & $D_y = 0$

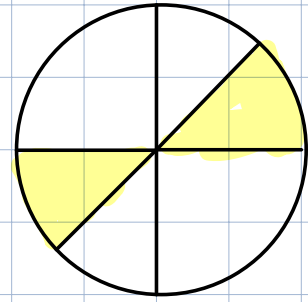
$$\dot{\theta}_1 < 0 \quad \dot{\theta}_2 < 0$$

Diagonal Movement

Kinematics when $|\dot{\theta}_1| = \max$

Each movement w/ fixed $|\dot{\theta}_1|$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = \text{constant} \quad \begin{array}{ll} \dot{\theta}_1 < 0 & \dot{\theta}_2 < 0 \\ \dot{\theta}_1 > 0 & \dot{\theta}_2 > 0 \end{array} \quad |\dot{\theta}_1| > |\dot{\theta}_2|$$



$$B_x = -\dot{\theta}_2 \cdot S_L \cdot t - \frac{1}{2} (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2) \cdot S_L \cdot t$$

$$B_x = \frac{1}{2} S_L t (\dot{\theta}_2 + \dot{\theta}_1)$$

$$\dot{\theta}_2 = \frac{2B_x}{S_L t} - \dot{\theta}_1$$

$$B_y = -\frac{1}{2} (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2) S_L \cdot t$$

$$t = \frac{-2B_y}{(\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2) S_L}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_2 = \frac{2B_x (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)}{2B_y} - \dot{\theta}_1$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 = \ddot{\theta}_1 \left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1 \right) - \frac{1}{B_y} \ddot{\theta}_z$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right) \ddot{\theta}_z = \ddot{\theta}_1 \left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1 \right)$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_z = \ddot{\theta}_1 \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1 \right)}{\left(1 + \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)} \quad \text{Quad } \frac{z}{8}$$

Steps

$$\int_0^t \ddot{\theta}_z dt = \int_0^t \ddot{\theta}_1 \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1 \right)}{\left(1 + \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)} dt$$

$$\dot{\theta}_z = \dot{\theta}_1 \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1 \right)}{\left(1 + \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)}$$

$$B_x = -\frac{1}{2} S_L (\theta_z + \theta_1)$$

$$-\frac{2B_x}{S_L} - \theta_z = \theta_1$$

$$\theta_z = \left(-\frac{2B_x}{S_L} - \theta_z \right) \left(\frac{\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1}{1 + \frac{B_x}{B_y}} \right)$$

$$\theta_z = \frac{-2B_x}{S_L} \cdot \left(\frac{\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1}{1 + \frac{B_x}{B_y}} \right) - \theta_z \left(\frac{\frac{B_x}{B_y} - 1}{1 + \frac{B_x}{B_y}} \right)$$

$$\Theta_z \left(1 + \left(\frac{B_x/B_y - 1}{1 + B_x/B_y} \right) \right) = \frac{-z B_x}{S_L} \cdot \left(\frac{B_x/B_y - 1}{1 + B_x/B_y} \right)$$

$$\Theta_z = \frac{\frac{-z B_x}{S_L} \left(\frac{B_x/B_y - 1}{1 + B_x/B_y} \right)}{\left(1 + \frac{B_x/B_y - 1}{1 + B_x/B_y} \right)}$$

$$\Theta_1 = \frac{\frac{-z B_x}{S_L}}{\left(1 + \frac{B_x/B_y - 1}{1 + B_x/B_y} \right)}$$

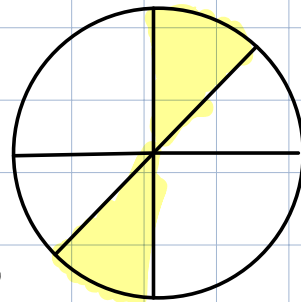
Kinematics when $|\dot{\Theta}_1| = \max$

Each movement w/ fixed $|\dot{\Theta}_1|$

$$\dot{\Theta}_1 = \text{constant} \quad \begin{array}{ll} \dot{\Theta}_1 < 0 & \dot{\Theta}_2 > 0 \\ \dot{\Theta}_1 > 0 & \dot{\Theta}_2 < 0 \end{array} \quad |\dot{\Theta}_1| > |\dot{\Theta}_2|$$

$$B_y = \dot{\Theta}_2 \cdot S_L \cdot t - \frac{1}{2} (\dot{\Theta}_1 + \dot{\Theta}_2) \cdot S_L \cdot t$$

$$B_y = \frac{1}{2} S_L t (\dot{\Theta}_2 - \dot{\Theta}_1)$$



$$\dot{\theta}_z = \frac{2B_y}{S_L t} + \ddot{\theta}_1$$

$$B_x = -\frac{1}{2}(\ddot{\theta}_1 - \ddot{\theta}_z) S_L \cdot t$$

$$t = \frac{-2B_x}{(\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_z) S_L}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_z = -\frac{2B_y (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_z)}{2B_x} + \dot{\theta}_1$$

$$\dot{\theta}_z = \dot{\theta}_1 \left(1 - \frac{B_y}{B_x}\right) - \frac{B_y}{B_x} \dot{\theta}_z$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{B_y}{B_x}\right) \dot{\theta}_z = \dot{\theta}_1 \left(1 - \frac{B_y}{B_x}\right)$$

$$\dot{\theta}_z = \dot{\theta}_1 \frac{\left(1 - \frac{B_y}{B_x}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{B_y}{B_x}\right)}$$

From 90°
or 270°

$$\int_0^t \dot{\Theta}_2 dt = \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)} \int_0^t \dot{\Theta}_1 dt$$

$$\Theta_2 = \Theta_1 \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)}$$

$$\beta_y = \frac{1}{2} S_L (\Theta_2 - \Theta_1)$$

$$\Theta_1 = \left(\frac{-2\beta_y}{S_L} + \Theta_2 \right)$$

$$\Theta_2 = \left(\frac{-2\beta_y}{S_L} + \Theta_2 \right) \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)}$$

$$\Theta_2 = \frac{-2\beta_y}{S_L} \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)} + \Theta_2 \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)}$$

$$\Theta_2 \left(1 - \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)} \right) = \frac{-2\beta_y}{S_L} \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)}$$

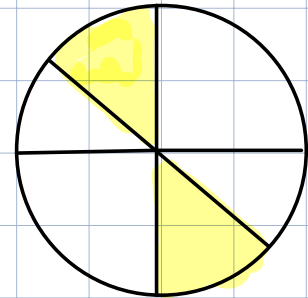
$$\Theta_2 = \frac{-2\beta_y}{S_L} \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{(1 - \beta_y/\beta_x)}{(1 + \beta_y/\beta_x)} \right)$$

$$\theta_1 = \frac{-zB_y}{S_L} \cdot \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{(1 - B_y/B_x)}{(1 + B_y/B_x)}\right)}$$

Kinematics when $|\dot{\theta}_2| = \max$

Each movement w/ fixed $|\dot{\theta}_2|$



$$\dot{\theta}_2 = \text{constant}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_2 > 0 \quad \dot{\theta}_1 < 0$$

$$\dot{\theta}_2 < 0 \quad \dot{\theta}_1 > 0$$

$|\dot{\theta}_2| > |\dot{\theta}_1|$

$$B_y = -\dot{\theta}_1 \cdot S_L \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} (\dot{\theta}_2 + \dot{\theta}_1) \cdot S_L \cdot t$$

$$B_y = \frac{1}{2} S_L t (\dot{\theta}_2 - \dot{\theta}_1)$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = \dot{\theta}_2 - \frac{2B_y}{S_L t}$$

$$B_x = -\frac{1}{2} (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2) S_L \cdot t$$

$$t = \frac{-2B_x}{(\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2) S_L}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = \dot{\theta}_2 + \frac{B_y}{B_x} (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = \dot{\theta}_1 \frac{B_y}{B_x} + \dot{\theta}_2 (1 + \frac{B_y}{B_x})$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 (1 - \frac{B_y}{B_x}) = \dot{\theta}_2 (1 + \frac{B_y}{B_x})$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = \dot{\theta}_2 \frac{(1 + \frac{B_y}{B_x})}{(1 - \frac{B_y}{B_x})}$$

$$\int_0^t \dot{\theta}_1 = \int_0^t \dot{\theta}_2 \frac{(1 + \frac{B_y}{B_x})}{(1 - \frac{B_y}{B_x})}$$

$$\theta_1 = \theta_2 \frac{(1 + \frac{B_y}{B_x})}{(1 - \frac{B_y}{B_x})}$$

$$B_x = -\frac{1}{2} (\theta_1 + \theta_2) S_L$$

$$\theta_2 = \frac{-2B_x - \theta_1}{S_L}$$

$$\Theta_1 = \left(-\frac{Z B_X}{S_L} - \Theta_1 \right) \frac{(1 + B_Y/B_X)}{(1 - B_Y/B_X)}$$

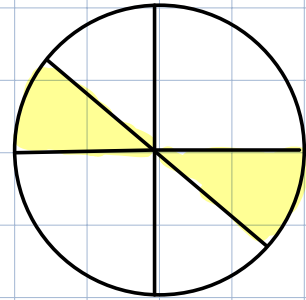
$$\Theta_1 \left(1 + \frac{(1 + B_Y/B_X)}{(1 - B_Y/B_X)} \right) = \frac{-Z B_X}{S_L} \frac{(1 + B_Y/B_X)}{(1 - B_Y/B_X)}$$

$$\Theta_1 = \frac{-Z B_X \frac{(1 + B_Y/B_X)}{(1 - B_Y/B_X)}}{\left(1 + \frac{(1 + B_Y/B_X)}{(1 - B_Y/B_X)} \right)}$$

$$\Theta_1 = \frac{-Z B_X}{S_L \left(1 + \frac{(1 + B_Y/B_X)}{(1 - B_Y/B_X)} \right)}$$

Kinematics when $|\dot{\theta}_z| = \max$

Each movement w/ fixed $|\dot{\theta}_z|$



$$\dot{\theta}_z = \text{constant} \quad \begin{matrix} \dot{\theta}_1 > 0 & \dot{\theta}_2 > 0 \\ \dot{\theta}_1 < 0 & \dot{\theta}_2 < 0 \end{matrix} \quad |\dot{\theta}_1| < |\dot{\theta}_z|$$

$$B_x = -\dot{\theta}_1 \cdot S_L \cdot t - \frac{1}{2} (\dot{\theta}_z - \dot{\theta}_1) \cdot S_L \cdot t$$

$$B_x = \frac{1}{2} S_L t (\dot{\theta}_z + \dot{\theta}_1)$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = -\frac{2B_x}{S_L t} - \dot{\theta}_z$$

$$B_y = \frac{1}{2} (\dot{\theta}_z - \dot{\theta}_1) S_L \cdot t$$

$$t = \frac{2B_y}{(\dot{\theta}_z - \dot{\theta}_1) S_L}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = -\frac{2B_x (\dot{\theta}_z - \dot{\theta}_1)}{2B_y} - \dot{\theta}_z$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_1 = -\ddot{\theta}_2 \left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} + 1 \right) + \frac{B_x}{B_y} \ddot{\theta}_1$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right) \ddot{\theta}_1 = -\ddot{\theta}_2 \left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} + 1 \right)$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_1 = -\ddot{\theta}_2 \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} + 1 \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)}$$

$$\int_0^t \ddot{\theta}_1 dt = \int_0^t -\ddot{\theta}_2 \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} + 1 \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)} dt$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = -\dot{\theta}_2 \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} + 1 \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)}$$

$$B_y = \frac{1}{2} (\theta_2 - \theta_1) S_L$$

$$\theta_2 = \frac{2 B_y}{S_L} + \theta_1$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = -\frac{2 B_y}{S_L} \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} + 1 \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)} + \dot{\theta}_1 \frac{\left(\frac{B_x}{B_y} + 1 \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{B_x}{B_y} \right)}$$

$$\Theta_1 \left(1 - \frac{(\beta_X/\beta_Y + 1)}{(1 - \alpha_X/\beta_Y)} \right) = -\frac{\tau \beta_Y}{s_L} \frac{(\beta_X/\beta_Y + 1)}{(1 - \alpha_X/\beta_Y)}$$

$$\Theta_1 = \frac{-\frac{\tau \beta_Y}{s_L} \frac{(\beta_X/\beta_Y + 1)}{(1 - \alpha_X/\beta_Y)}}{\left(1 - \frac{(\beta_X/\beta_Y + 1)}{(1 - \alpha_X/\beta_Y)} \right)}$$

$$\Theta_2 = \frac{\tau \beta_Y}{s_L} \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{(\beta_X/\beta_Y + 1)}{(1 - \alpha_X/\beta_Y)} \right)}$$